

US Army History Exam Test B:

Matching: (Questions 1-7)

Match the Army Value (below) with its appropriate definition.

Army Values:

____ 1. Do what is right, legally, and morally. This is the thread woven through the fabric of the professional Army ethic. It means honesty, uprightness, the avoidance of deception, and steadfast adherence to standards of behavior.

____ 2. Fulfill your obligations. Duty is the legal and moral obligation to do what should be done without being told.

____ 3. Bear true faith and allegiance to the U.S. Constitution, the Army, your unit, and other Soldiers. This means supporting the military and civilian chain of command, as well as devoting oneself to the welfare of others.

____ 4. Face fear, danger, or adversity (physical or moral). This means being brave under all circumstances (physical and moral).

____ 5. Put the welfare of the Nation, the Army, and your subordinates before your own. This means putting the welfare of the Nation and accomplishment of the mission ahead of personal desires.

____ 6. Treat people as they should be treated. This is the same as do unto others as you would have done to you.

____ 7. Live up to all the Army Values. This implies always following your moral compass in any circumstance.

- A. Duty B. Selfless Service C. Loyalty D. Respect E. Personal Courage
F. Integrity G. Honor

Multiple Choice: (Questions 8-21)

Circle the correct letter for each question.

Army Heritage to 1919:

8. Which battle prompted the British to grant American Independence?
 - a. Battle of Bull Run
 - b. Battle of Fallujah
 - c. Normandy
 - d. Battle of Yorktown
9. When is the Army's Birthday?
 - a. June 14, 1775
 - b. July 4, 1776
 - c. September 11, 1776
 - d. May 5, 1775

10. What caused World War I?
 - a. Assassination on Arch-Duke Franz Ferdinand
 - b. Zimmerman Telegram
 - c. Treaty of Versailles
 - d. Austria-Hungary invades Russia
11. The United States President is also what to the US military?
 - a. Commander-in-Chief
 - b. Brigade Commander
 - c. Chief of Staff
 - d. Speaker of the House
12. What battle led to the freeing of all slaves in the rebel states in President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation?
 - a. Mexican American War
 - b. Battle of Antietam
 - c. Battle of New Orleans
 - d. Valley Forge

Army Heritage, 1919-Present:

13. What caused the start of the Global War on Terror?
 - a. German invasion of Poland
 - b. The terrorist attacks of 9/11
 - c. Zimmerman Telegram
 - d. Hindenburg Explosion
14. What Battle eliminated the last insurgent stronghold in Iraq?
 - a. Battle of Fallujah
 - b. The Meuse-Argonne Offensive
 - c. Iran-Iraq War and the invasion of Kuwait
 - d. Battle of Saratoga
15. What caused the start of the Cold War?
 - a. Battle of Tripoli
 - b. Bombing of Pearl Harbor
 - c. The conflict between communism and democracy
 - d. The potential for weapons of mass destruction to fall into terrorist hands
16. What was the key event that changed American perceptions of the War in Vietnam?
 - a. The Tet Offensive
 - b. Meuse Argonne Offensive
 - c. Battle of Saratoga
 - d. Battle of Khe Sanh
17. On 06 June 1944, British, Canadian, and American Armies seized the _____ Coast during WWII?
 - a. Normandy
 - b. Japanese
 - c. Polish
 - d. Italian

18. What event, on 07 December 1941, caused the United State to enter World War II?
- a. Fascism
 - b. Tet Offensive
 - c. Treaty of Paris
 - d. Bombing of Pearl Harbor

Army and Society:

19. In 1948, The Women's Armed Service Integration Act was signed, resulting in what?
- a. The right to work in the labor force
 - b. Permanent integration of women into the Army
 - c. The right to vote
 - d. The Women's Armed Service Integration Act was never signed
20. Which President racially integrated the United States Army?
- a. President T. Roosevelt
 - b. President G. Washington
 - c. President A. Lincoln
 - d. President H. Truman
21. The 10th US Calvary was comprised of who?
- a. Six Triple-Eight Postal Battalion
 - b. Women's Army Corps
 - c. Renowned Buffalo Soldier Regiment
 - d. Minutemen